Introduced by Senator Scott

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Steinberg)
(Coauthors: Senators Kuehl and Romero)
(Coauthors: Assembly Members Hancock, Jackson, and Koretz)

December 10, 2002

An act to add Sections 12015 and 12072.1 to the Penal Code, relating to firearms.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 35, as introduced, Scott. Firearms: ballistic identification.

Under existing law, transactions concerning firearms are closely regulated, and individuals engaging in transactions concerning firearms must follow many legal requirements or face sanction. Existing law vests the Department of Justice with various powers and duties, such as managing the state's DNA database and data bank identification program, acting as a liaison to the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding the state's participation in a national DNA database, and maintaining statewide automated fingerprint identification systems.

This bill would require the department to establish and maintain a qualified database containing specified information, including ballistic identifiers, for individual firearms, no later than January 1, 2005, unless a database containing the same information is established under the authority of a federal agency. This bill would require manufacturers, wholesalers, importers, and dealers who conduct certain firearms transactions in the state either to include ballistic identifier information in the box with a firearm, which information the dealer would be required to forward to the department, or submit ballistic identifier information directly to the department. This bill would require the department to adopt regulations to carry out its provisions and to ensure

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that local law enforcement agencies have access to the qualified database. This bill would authorize information in the qualified database to be accessed only for law enforcement purposes or statistical research or evaluation of the ballistic identification system. This bill would authorize the department to require each dealer to charge each firearm purchaser or transferee a fee not to exceed one dollar for each firearm transaction. This bill would prohibit a dealer from delivering any firearm if he, she, or it has been notified by the department that the qualified database does not contain required ballistic identifiers for that firearm.

This bill would provide that a violation of its provisions is an infraction punishable by a fine of \$1,000 and, in specified circumstances, ineligibility to manufacture, import, or sell firearms in the state. This bill would provide that any person who knowingly submits false or misleading information to the qualified database or who tampers with the barrel, receiver, or other parts of a firearm with the intent to affect the firearm's ballistic identifier and for the purpose of evading criminal prosecution is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in the state prison.

By creating new crimes, this bill would impose a state mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the Ballistic Identification Act of 2003.
- 3 SEC. 2. Section 12015 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
- 4 12015. (a) Definitions:
- 5 (1) As used in this section, the term "ballistic identifier" means
- a digitized or electronic image of a projectile or shell casing
- 7 discharged by a firearm, clearly showing the distinctive firing pin,
- B breech face, ejection, extraction, barrel, or other marks for that

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particular firearm as manufactured, that can be used, through comparative computer analysis, for investigative and prosecutorial purposes by law enforcement agencies.

- (2) As used in this section, the term "qualified database" means a computerized database, established and maintained under the authority of a federal or state law enforcement agency, that contains information that includes the make, model, serial number, caliber, and ballistic identifiers for individual firearms, and that is made available to, and may be used by, law enforcement agencies for investigative and prosecutorial purposes, and that is compatible with the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network operated by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms of the United States Department of the Treasury.
- (b) No later than January 1, 2005, the Department of Justice shall establish and thereafter maintain a qualified database. If at any time the department determines, and publishes that determination in the California Register, that a qualified database that contains all of the information required to be included by this section has been established under the authority of a federal agency, then the department shall no longer be required to establish or maintain a qualified database.
- (c) Any manufacturer who manufactures in the state, and any manufacturer, wholesaler, importer, or dealer who ships or transports into the state for sale in the state, any firearm shall either:
- (1) Include in the box with the firearm, in a manner to be determined by the department, all of the following:
- (A) A machine-printed document identifying the make, model, serial number, and month and year of manufacture of the firearm.
 - (B) A shell casing of a projectile discharged from the firearm.
- (C) The projectile discharged from the firearm in the same discharge that produced the shell casing. If the firearm is a shotgun, no projectile shall be required.
- (2) If authorized by the department, submit directly to the department or its designee all of the following:
- (A) Two ballistic identifiers for the firearm, one of which contains an image of a shell casing discharged using the firearm and the other of which contains an image of a projectile discharged using the firearm. If the firearm is a shotgun, no ballistic identifier

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 containing an image of a projectile shall be required to be submitted.

- (B) The shell casing and projectile from which the ballistic identifiers were made. If the firearm is a shotgun, no projectile shall be required to be submitted.
- (d) Except for transfers conducted pursuant to Section 12082, for every firearm transfer occurring on or after January 1, 2005, or on or after an earlier date on which the department determines, and publishes that determination in the California Register, that a qualified database is available, on the date of submission to the department of information pursuant to Section 12077, and for each firearm for which that information is submitted, the dealer shall forward to the department or its designee the machine-printed document and sealed containers that accompany the firearm, if any, in a manner to be determined by the department.
- (e) Within 10 days of receipt of the information submitted pursuant to Section 12077, the department shall confirm that the shell casing, bullet, and required information have been submitted to the department or its designee for entry into the qualified database. If the department cannot confirm that the information has been submitted, the department shall notify the dealer of that fact prior to the date on which the firearm may otherwise be lawfully transferred. If the department establishes a qualified database pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, the department shall ensure that ballistic identifiers submitted for entry into the database have been entered into the system no later than 30 days after the date of submission of the ballistic identifiers.
- (f) The department shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section and to ensure that local law enforcement agencies have access to the qualified database.
- (g) If the department establishes a qualified database pursuant to subdivision (b), the information in the qualified database shall be accessible only for the following purposes:
 - (1) Law enforcement purposes.
- (2) Purposes of statistical research or evaluation of the ballistics identification system.
- (h) Except for transfers conducted pursuant to Section 12082, the department may require each dealer to charge each firearm purchaser or transferee a fee not to exceed one dollar (\$1) for each

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firearm transaction. This fee shall be for the purpose of supporting departmental program costs related to this section.

- (i) (1) Any violation of this section is an infraction punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Upon a second violation of this section, the violator shall, in addition to being punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), be ineligible to manufacture, import, or sell firearms in the state for 30 days. Upon a third or subsequent violation of this section, the violator may be designated by the department as permanently ineligible to manufacture, import, or sell firearms in this state.
- (2) Any person who knowingly submits false or misleading information to the qualified database is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in the state prison.
- (3) Any person who alters, defaces, or otherwise tampers with the barrel, receiver, firing pin, or other part of a firearm with the intent to affect the firearm's ballistic identifier and for the purpose of evading criminal prosecution is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year or in the state prison.
- SEC. 3. Section 12072.1 is added to the Penal Code, to read: 12072.1. (a) No firearms dealer may deliver any firearm if the dealer has been notified by the department, pursuant to Section 12015, that the qualified database does not contain required ballistic identifiers for that firearm.
- (b) Any violation of this section is an infraction punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Upon a second violation of this section, the violator shall, in addition to being punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), be ineligible to manufacture, import, or sell firearms in the state for 30 days. Upon a third or subsequent violation of this section, the violator may be designated by the department as permanently ineligible to manufacture, import, or sell firearms in this state.
- SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

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- 1 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California2 Constitution.